Applicant stated that there are reasons why the Matthews and Hockey references are not combinable.

Those reasons are set forth below.

As described in more detail below, Applicant and the Examiner discussed other clarifying

amendments to independent claims 2 and 12 reflected in the List of Claims above.

REMARKS

Favorable reconsideration and allowance of the present application are respectfully requested.

Claims 2 and 12 have been amended, no claims have been cancelled, and claims 2-21 are currently

pending in the present application.

Amendments

During the interview, Applicant discussed with the Examiner the support for proposed

amendments to the independent claims. Support for the addition of a submission of is found in

paragraph 11, where it is the submission of the preliminary profile data that indicates the user's interest

in joining one of the communities. Support for the addition of  $\underline{\text{ascertains and controls}}$  is found in

paragraph 11, where the "system is employed to ascertain and control the entrance of data." Applicant

removed "the first filter tailored to said one of the plurality of communities" per a suggestion by the

Examiner during the interview. Support for the addition of is created for the live user is found in

paragraphs 12 and 13, where the profile is created for the user, not necessarily by the user. Support for

the addition of data related to is found in paragraphs 8 and 15, where it is the data in the profiles of

other users that is searched, and not necessarily the users. The addition of the flagging filter is

configured to was a clarifying amendment made to delineate which component is configured to flag

communications.

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II. 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The Examiner rejected independent claims 2 and 12 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Matthews, in view of Sutcliffe, and in further view of Hockey. Applicant respectfully

traverses the Examiner's assertion that claims 2 and 12 are obvious in view of Matthews. Sutcliffe, and

Hockev.

In general, claims 2 and 12 are directed to an apparatus and a method, respectively, for

facilitating electronic collaboration in an environment having a plurality of communities, each of which

has a plurality of users. Claims 2 and 12 as amended require "a flagging filter that flags communications

between the plurality of live users based on an analysis of at least a textual portion of said

communications according to predetermined criteria, wherein the flagging filter is configured to flag

communications for review prior to release to their intended recipient." While Matthews states that a

group administrator may also have the authority to monitor interaction on message boards and/or to

remove inappropriate content, Matthews does not disclose, suggest, or teach a system or method

wherein a flagging filter flags communications between users based on a textual portion of the

communications prior to release to their intended recipient.

As noted above with regard to the interview, the Examiner proffered that Hockey fills the

deficiencies of Matthews by disclosing a system with the ability to flag communications prior to release

to their intended recipient. Hockey discloses a system that changes a message's attributes so that it

may not be delivered or opened, and/or may be placed in a quarantine zone for review by a system

administrator. As proffered by the Examiner during the interview, this would allow the communication

to be reviewed prior to release to its intended recipient.

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The claim limitation set forth above, however, is not obvious in light of Matthews in view of

Hockey because one of ordinary skill in the art cannot combine the elements in Matthews and Hockey in

order to perform the function of the claimed limitation. As stated by the Supreme Court in KSR Int'l Co.

v. Teleflex Inc., 127 S. Ct. 1727 (2007):

[A] patent composed of several elements is not proved obvious merely by demonstrating that each of its elements was, independently, known in the prior art.

Although common sense directs one to look with care at a patent application that claims as innovative the combination of two known devices according to their established functions, it can be important to identify a reason that would have prompted a person

of ordinary skill in the relevant field to combine the elements in a way the claimed new invention does. This is so because inventions in most, if not all, instances rely upon building blocks long since uncovered, and claimed discoveries almost of necessity will be

combinations of what, in some sense, is already known.

ld. at 1741.

Hockey discloses a method for monitoring mail messages particularly for virus attacks and

unsolicited commercial email ("spam"). See Hockey, abstract. The system described by Hockey

attempts to accomplish this purpose by generating a numerical representation (a "digest") for the

combined subject line and message content (Hockey, paragraph 96) and comparing the resulting digest

with existing digests stored in memory (Hockey, paragraph 102). The Hockey system creates and

compares the mathematical digest from an electronic mail message ("email") with other stored digests

because analyzing the textual content of the email would fail to prevent dissemination of certain viruses

and spam – the purpose of the *Hockey* system. Viruses, such as email worms, and spam generally do

not contain content that would be deemed inappropriate by a monitor or filter. As set forth in Hockey,

email worms generally contain malicious code (which would be undetectable to a monitor analyzing

textual content), but otherwise "comprise a suitably benign message as further means of deception to

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the recipients." Hockey, paragraph 6 (emphasis added). Thus, the ability to monitor and/or remove

inappropriate content based on textual content as described in Matthews would have no effect on

identifying the emails that the Hockey system attempts to prevent. That is, Hockey states that

monitoring the textual content of certain emails that contain viruses or spam would be useless with

respect to the purpose of the Hockey system. See Hockey, paragraphs 5-12. In fact, Hockey both

distinguishes and teaches away from systems wherein communications are filtered based on character

strings that the recipient desires not to receive. Hockey, paragraph 11. That is, Hockey specifically

distinguishes systems, such as the one described in Matthews, on the basis that monitoring textual

content is ineffective to protect against spam and virus attacks, such as email worms.

Thus, combining the ability to monitor and/or remove inappropriate content described in

Matthews with the quarantining of messages based on comparing a digest of the message with other

stored digests described in *Hockey* would: (1) render the filtering system disclosed by *Hockey* inoperable

and useless for its intended purpose, and (2) would fail to flag any messages based on inappropriate

content for the purpose described in Matthews. A system that combines elements of the Matthews

system and the *Hockey* system described above would result in a system that would fail for both the

purpose of the *Matthews* system and the purpose of the *Hockey* system. Thus, there is no "reason that

would have prompted a person of ordinary skill in the relevant field to combine the elements in a way

the claimed new invention does." See KSR, 127 S. Ct. at 1741. Importantly, Hockey distinguishes and

teaches away from monitoring and/or removing messages based on content, which is the portion of

Matthews the Examiner desired to combine with Hockey.

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Since Hockey teaches away from Matthews, there is nothing to prompt a person of ordinary skill

to combine the elements found in Hockey and Matthews. Importantly, combining the relevant elements

of Hockey and Matthews would defeat the purposes of both Hockey and Matthews and render the

combined system inoperable. Thus, the present limitation is not obvious in light of Matthews in view of

Hockey. Accordingly, the combination of Hockey and Matthews is unable to rectify the deficiencies of

Matthews alone with respect to the current limitation.

III. Conclusion

For the reasons stated above, claims 2 and 12 are not obvious in view of Matthews, Sutcliffe,

and Hockey. The remaining claims depend from these independent claims, recite further limitations,

and are therefore allowable in their respective combinations. Favorable action by the Examiner and

withdrawal of the cited rejections is respectfully requested. The Examiner is invited to call the

undersigned in an effort to discuss and resolve any remaining issues.

Respectfully submitted.

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